

Skill Acquisition Data Collection Forms

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WHAT'S COVERED

This lesson will explore skill acquisition data collection forms by defining and discussing the following:

- 1. Paper Data Collection
 - a. Discrete Trial Data Sheet
 - b. NET Data Sheet
 - c. Task Analysis Data Sheet
- 2. Electronic Data Collection
 - a. Mand Training
 - b. DTT

1. Paper Data Collection

As previously discussed, there are many different types and styles of data collection forms. They can depend upon the company or school, BCBA, patient, environment, etc. These are a few examples of some of the skill acquisition data sheets that you may encounter. Your BCBA will let you know how to collect the data and what type of data to collect.

1a. Discrete Trial Data Sheet



Child's Name: Program:			crete Trial Data S		
Provider:		/		SD:	Circle One:
Date: / /	т	D or T2		R:	MT ET RR
Stimulus Presented	Trial Data	Trial Data	Actual Response	Prompt Used	Comments
	CINRP	CINRP			
	CINRP	CINRP			
	CINRP	CINRP			
	CINRP	CINRP			
	CINRP	CINRP			
	CINRP	CINRP			Taroet 1: %
	CINRP	CINRP			
	CINRP	CINRP			D or T2:
	CINRP	CINRP			
	CINRP	CINRP			Overall:

On the following discrete trial data sheet, you would fill out the top part according to your patient and programming:

- Under the Stimulus Presented column, fill out the specific stimulus that was presented to the patient.
- In the Trial Data columns, circle whether the response was correct (C), no response (NR), or prompted (P).
- In the Actual Response column, write the patient's actual response to the \mathfrak{P} .
- In the Prompt Used column, fill in the type of prompt that you used.

Video Transcription

Let's see, can you put the orange under the chair? You got it. Nice job. I got another one. Look. Can you put it on top of the chair?

Yes.

Yay. Give me five. Give me five. Give me five. Oh, too slow. Give me five. Oh, too slow. Give me five. Oh, too slow. Yes. You got it.

OK, can you put it behind the chair?

Yeah it's behind. See, behind. You want to give me five again? You think you're fast enough? Nope, too slow. Give me five. Nope, too slow. You got it. Good job. Can you put it in front of-- wait, let's wait. One more. Can you put it in front of the chair?

Yeah.

Front. Let's try it again. Get the car. Can you put it in front of the chair?

Front.

Oh, so smart. Here it comes. There you go. Thanks.

1b. NET Data Sheet



On this NET data sheet, you would fill out the patient and program information on the columns on the left.

- In the Target Skill column, you would list the skills being targeted in that lesson.
- In the Scoring column, you would mark a + for a correct response and a for an incorrect response.
- In the Types of Prompts column, you would mark the type of prompt you gave the patient.

Video Transcription

Are you OK?

I got a paper cut.

Oh no. So what are you going to do? What do you need to do?

I'm a see if there's a first aid kit here.

OK. What do you might want to do before you--

Probably wash them.

Yeah, good. So go ahead and wash your hands. Yeah. I'm sorry that happened. There you go. I know, I hate paper cuts. They really hurt, huh?

Yeah.

So do you know where the first aid kit is?

Yeah.

OK, good. Awesome. OK, it looks like there's a lot of stuff in there. That's good. You got it?

[INAUDIBLE].

Yeah, I'll help you. I know you have a paper cut, so that's probably not easy to do. OK, so there's some Band-Aids. Can you do it, or do you need help?

I can do it.

OK, all right. That's a bummer. Yeah, paper cuts are no fun.

They really hurt.

Yeah, it definitely hurts. Would do you think a paper cut is an emergency or a non-emergency?

Probably a non-emergency.

Yeah, right. It hurts, but it's not--

Not life-threatening.

Yeah, exactly. It's not life-threatening. It's not something you'd have to go to the emergency room or anything for, right?

Or [INAUDIBLE].

Yeah. What if you were in the kitchen and you were chopping vegetables and the knife cut your skin and it was bleeding a lot and you couldn't get it to stop?

That's an emergency.

Yeah. So probably what would need to happen there, any ideas?

Probably go to the hospital, go to the ER.

Yeah, because you might need stitches or something, right?

Yeah.

Yeah, you're right. What if you fell down and you were on your bike and you fell off your bike and maybe you got a cut on your leg or something. What do you think, emergency or non-emergency?

Probably non-emergency.

Same thing, right? You put a Band-Aid on it and you're fine. What if the same thing happened though and you fell off your bike and you twisted your ankle and your ankle kind of started to swell up a little bit--

That's an emergency.

Yeah, that's an emergency, right? Because what might need to happen?

You would you need to get it fixed?

Yeah. So you might need to go to the hospital to get x-rays, or see if it was sprained or--

Or broken.

Mm-hmm, yeah. So that would definitely be something that would be an emergency. Good. OK, let's put that away and get back to what we were doing. I hope your paper cut feels better.

Thank you.

OK.

1c. Task Analysis Data Sheet



Task Analysis Data Sheet

Lesson:_ Name: Target Behavior:

Method Used:	Forward Chaining	Backward Chaining	Total Task Presentation
Methou Oscu.	rorward Chaining	Dackwaru Chaining	TOTAL LASK LICSCHURUON

Initials Date							
STEPS							
51215	-				_		
	-	-	-				-
	+	-	-				-
	-	-					-
	-	-	-				\vdash
	-						
	-						-
	-	-	-		-		-
	-	-					
	-	-					\vdash
	-						
	-						
	-						
	-						
Percentage Done Independently							

SCORING KEY:

Correct Unprompted FP

Incorrect

- Full Physical Prompt PP Partial Physical Prompt
- Direct Verbal

IDV Indirect Verbal Visual Prompt VP

DV GP Gesture Prompt

This type of data sheet is used to collect data on a task analysis. You would fill out the top sections with specific information about your patient and their program.

- In the Steps column, list the steps for the specific task analysis.
- In the remaining columns, you would fill out the patient's response based on the scoring key at the

Video Transcription

[INAUDIBLE] And then.

2. Electronic Data Collection

Here, you will find some examples of iPad data collection. Keep in mind that your BCBA will let you know how to collect the data and what type of data to collect.

2a. Mand Training

In the example below, you click on the "Mands" tab at the top left. Mands can be tracked by clicking on the green buttons. To add an occurrence with a prompt, click the "Prompt" button; track unprompted occurrences by clicking the "Occurrence" button.

0:36 AM Wed Nov 27			lustin T.	Hide Behaviors/Mand
Behaviors	Mands	85	Activities	
Add a new r Overall Total Mands - 0 Total Mands Per Hour - 0.00 Manding Fluency Goal: 20 / hr Current: I Prompt 0	nand		case SD: The therapist present new points to an action occurring	ing in the natural the vocal stimulus, "What rson) doing?"

Video Transcription

[CHILD HUMMING] I want yogurt.

Sure. You can have yogurt.

Thank you.

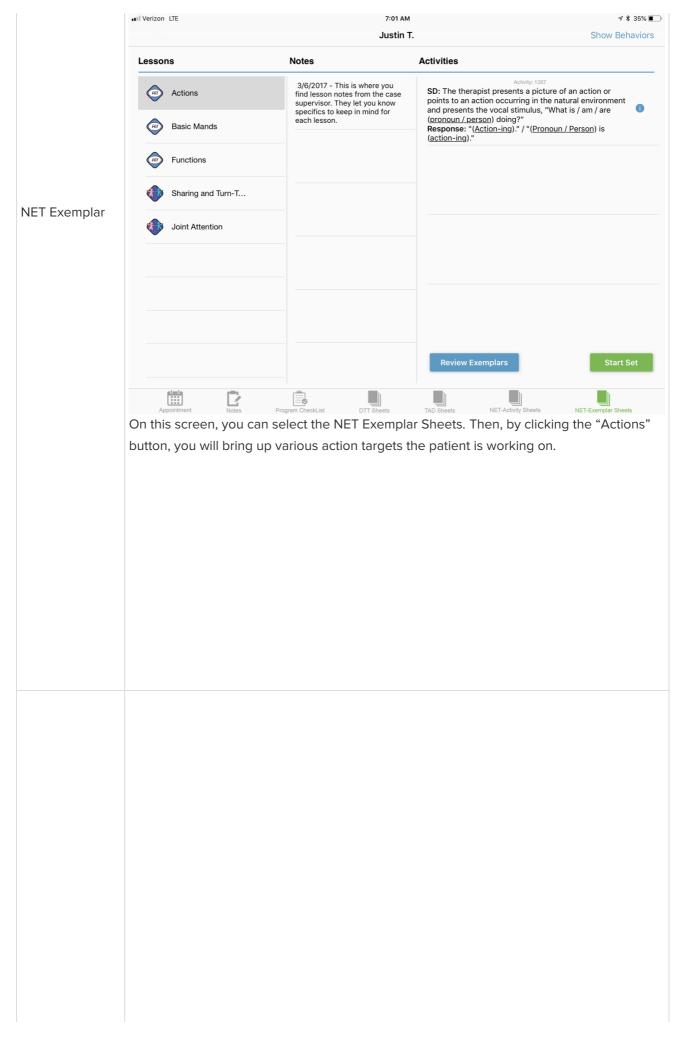
2b. DTT

The example below shows another form of data collection.

Step	Description

	K Home Justin T.					
	Lessons	Notes	Activities			
	Actions	11/28/2018 - Master Criteria: 2x80% Use Most-to-Least Prompting Use last effective prompt	Activity: 1378 SD: The therapist presents a field of comparison pictures of objects, hands the child a sample object and presents the vocal stimulus, "Put with same." Response: The child matches the sample object an identical picture in the field.	0		
	Objects		Activity: 1384 SD: The therapist presents a field of objects and vocal stimulus, "Give me (<u>object</u>)." Response: The child hands the therapist the appropriate object.	the ①		
Main Menu						
	Appointment Notes Pr	ogram CheckList DTT Sheets	TAD Sheets NET-Activity Sheets NET-Exem	plar Sheets		
	On the menu bar at the bo data collection. Click on th		ect the DTT Sheets for the patien			
		Justin (DT	T) Show Behavio	ra Il Jacoda		
	Change Activity	Pen Objects				
	The therapist presents a field of objects and the vocal stimulus, "Give me (pbjacd)."	Unde Trial Set 3, Trial 1	Nen Tare Control Anden U	pcoming		
	RESPONSE The child hands the therapist the appropriate object.	Current: Pen (Targe	et)			
Individual Trial	TARGETS New Inhoduced Mastered	Upcoming: Pen (Targe	et)			
Data Collection	NEW HANDOLCED MARKERSO Fon THULL TYPE MAT ET RR	Put physical Partial physica		irective		
	Auto Restart.	Textual Gestural		ot verbal		
	Stop Set	Correct 0 00.0%	No Response Incorrect O 00.0% O 00.0%			
	In the individual trial data provided based on patien		n select the response type and	orompt		

	✓ Home	Justin T.	Show Behaviors
Target Data Collection	Change Activity LESSON Dejects SO The thrapist presents a field of objects and the vocal stimulus, "three me (abject)." RESPONSE The child hands the therapist the appropriate object. TARGETS New Introduced TEAL TYPE MT ET Auto Reset DISTERACTORS Start Set		
	Appointment Notes Pro	per Createst pt Sheets TAO Sheets NETACHAR Sheets " to pull up the data collection for the target.	NET Exercise thems By clicking the
	"New" button, you can cre		
		Justin T.	Show Behaviors
	Change Activity		
	LESSON Body Parts	New	
	SD "Touch (<u>body part</u>)."	Create New Exemplar >	
		(New) Ears [Emerging age: 2 – 3 years]	
	RESPONSE The child touches the appropriate body part on self.	(New) Back [Emerging age: 3 – 4 years]	
		(New) Knees [Emerging age: 3 – 4 years]	
New Target	TARGETS New Introduced Mastered	(New) Shoulders [Emerging age: 5 – 6 yea	
	TRIAL TYPE MT ET RR	(New) Elbows [Emerging age: 5 – 6 years]	
	Auto Rotati DISTRACTORS		
	Select Distractors		
	Start Set		
	Appointment Not	es Program CheckList DTT Sheets TAD Sheets NET-Activity Sheets NET-Exe	emplar Sheets
	Then, by clicking on the "C	Create new exemplar," you can add an additiona	al target.



Lessons Notes Activities Actions Actions Basic Mands Actions Actions	ent 👔
Actions Action	ent 👔
Basic Mands each lesson. (pronoun / person) doing?" Response: "(Action-ing)." / "(Pronoun / Person) is	
(action-ing)."	
Functions Exemplars	
Sharing and Turn-T Create New Exemplar	>
Select Target	
(Introduced) Waving	
Video Transcription (Introduced) Knocking	
Green. Good job! Yellow. Yay! Super! Red. (Introduced) Walking	
[INAUDIBLE] (Introduced) Clapping	
(Introduced) Reading	
No. Red. Yay! Good job! Ready? Red. (New) Laughing	
Yay! From here, you can select the specific target you are going to work on.	Sneets

Awesome! That was so perfect. There you go.

SUMMARY

In this lesson, you learned about skill acquisition data collection forms, noting many different types and styles of data collection forms, which will vary with the company or school, BCBA, patient, environment, etc. You explored examples of **paper data collection** forms, including a discrete trial data sheet and NET data sheet, as well as the type of data sheet used to collect data on a task analysis. You also reviewed examples of **electronic data collection** forms using an iPad, such as those used for tracking mands.